

Supporting Major Facilities in Latin America and Caribbean

CI4MF 2024 - Collaboration in Action Coordinating and Combining Data Processing, Movements, and Storage Julio Ibarra Research Professor Principal Investigator

Outline

About AmLight Express and Protect (AmLight-ExP)

- Major Facilities Supported by AmLight-ExP
- SLA-Driven science use case: Vera Rubin Observatory



About AmLight Express and Protect (AmLight-ExP)



3

AmLight Express and Protect Project

AmLight-ExP is an international R&E network built to enable collaboration among Latin America, Africa, the Caribbean and the U.S.

 Supported by NSF and the IRNC program under award #OAC-2029283

Partnerships with R&E networks in the U.S., Latin America, Caribbean and Africa, built upon layers of trust and openness by sharing:

Infrastructure resources

Human resources

AmLight Lightpaths Express & Protect (NSF Award # OAC-2029283) VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY rednesp INTERNET



AmLight-ExP Network Infrastructure

- 600G of upstream capacity between the U.S., Latin America, Caribbean and 100G to Africa
 - +400Gbps in 2024 and +200Gbps in 2024
- OXPs: Florida(3), Brazil(2), Chile, Puerto Rico, Panama, and South Africa
 - New: Georgia (Atlanta), Argentina (Buenos Aires)
- Production SDN Infrastructure since 2014
- Deeply programmable across the network stack
 - Programmable P4 Data Plane
 - Open Source SDN Controller
 - Fine-grained telemetry
 - Run-time network verification
 - Closed-Loop Orchestration
- Highly instrumented
 - PerfSonar, sFlow, Juniper Telemetry Interface (JTI), In-band Network Telemetry (INT)





AmLight's Deeply Programmable Network Stack



Major facilities supported by AmLight-ExP



7

Major Facilities

- NOIRLab
- ALMA
- Vera Rubin
- VLA (USVI)
- FABRIC
- Wall of Wind
- Open Science Grid and PATh



TAC

Dallas

RENAX

Atlanta

FIU











Los Angeles

Major Facilities supported by AmLight

- Major facilities are supported in Chile, Brazil, USVI, Florida, Georgia
- Multiple network diverse paths and bandwidth capacity are provisioned to provide high availability
- Open Exchange Points provide the flexibility to place computation and storage closer to major facilities





SLA-driven science use case: Vera Rubin Observatory



10

Vera Rubin Observatory operation use case

- Vera Rubin is a large-aperture, wide-field, ground-based optical telescope under construction in northern Chile
- The telescope will take a picture of the southern sky every 27 seconds, and produce a 13 Gigabyte data set
- Each data set must be transferred to the U.S. Data Facility at SLAC, in Menlo Park, CA, within 5 seconds, inside the 27 second transfer window

Challenges

- High propagation delay in the end-to-end path
- RTT from the Base Station to the USDF is approximately 180+ ms
- 0.001% of packet loss will compromise the Rubin Observatory application
- Under Closed-Loop Control, AmLight's SDN infrastructure will continuously monitor the network substrate and reprogram the forwarding path in response to SLA requirements





AmLight supports SLA-driven science applications

•AmLight has many links and multiple paths between its sites:

- From Chile to Atlanta, there are more than <u>28</u> possible paths to take
- With its deep programmable SDN architecture, AmLight effectively load balances network services across network paths, while respecting user constraints and requirements
- •AmLight supports SLA-driven packet-loss-intolerant and sub-second-response-time-expected science applications:
 - With per-packet telemetry and sub-second network profiling capacities, AmLight can react to network conditions under <u>1</u> second
 - With optical telemetry, AmLight can <u>anticipate</u> issues with its substrate and steer traffic out of the substrate before adverse events happen

•AmLight network engineers are focused on building networks that run autonomously:

• With the closed loop control, some time-consuming operational activities will be performed without human intervention

12 With deep CI4MF 2024 - Collaboration in Action gineers can verify that the network is responding to

















